



KOLKATA POLICE LAW INSTITUTE

*One day workshop on **Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015: From Paper to Ploy**, organised by Kolkata Police Law Institute at Body Guard Lines Auditorium on 15th December, 2017 at 10.00 hrs.*

***DR. SHASHI PANJA**, Hon'ble Minister of Women and Child Development and Social Welfare, Govt. of West Bengal, has kindly consented to be the Chief Guest, **Hon'ble JUSTICE RANJIT KUMAR BAG** will be present as Special Guest. **PROFESSOR (Dr.) P. ISHWARA BHAT**, Vice-Chancellor, The West Bengal National University of Juridical Sciences, Kolkata will be the Guest of Honour.*

You are requested to attend the programme.

*Rajeev Kumar
Commissioner of Police
Kolkata
&
Chairman
Kolkata Police Law Institute*

**“JUVENILE JUSTICE (CARE AND PROTECTION OF CHILDREN) ACT, 2015:
FROM PAPER TO PLOY”**

**ONE DAY WORKSHOP ON ENSURING BEST PRACTICES AND
STRENGTHENING THE FRAMEWORK OF JUVENILE JUSTICE SYSTEM IN
INDIA**

Introduction

"There is no trust more sacred than the one the world holds with children."
- Kofi Annan, Former Secretary-General, UNO.

In the light of Articles 15(3), 39(e) & (f), 45 & 47, the Constitution of India has vested the duty on the State to ensure that the needs of the children are met along with protection of their human rights. Accession to the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child, 1989 has furthermore accentuated the duty, resulting in the enactment of Juvenile Justice Act, 2000. Since then, fifteen years have passed and Juvenile Justice Administration System has gone through a significant number of changes. The enactments namely, Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015 along with Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012 have summed up the set of standards prescribed by the above said UN Convention and have become overarching legislations in the arena of juvenile justice in India.

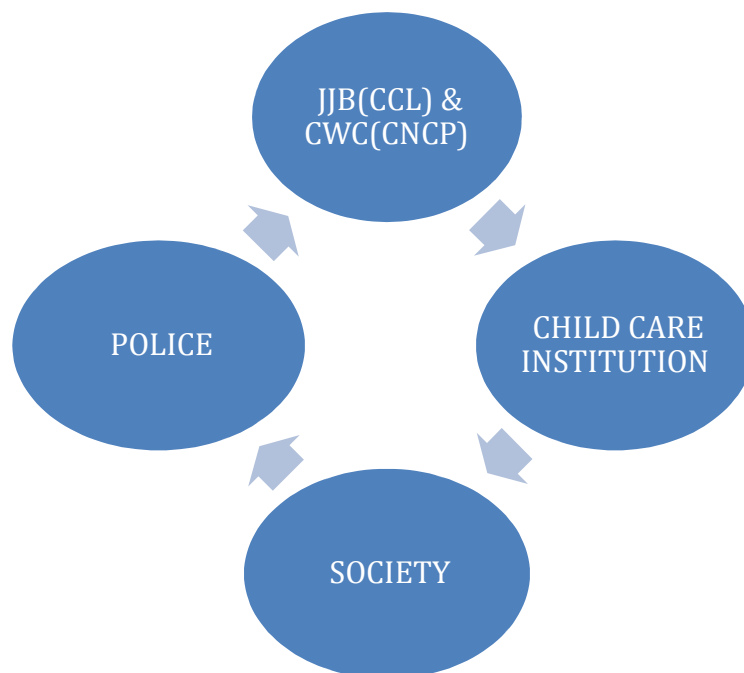
The Act has facilitated a multi-stakeholder system within which Police plays the pivotal role of being the first face that a child sees when he/she enters the system. In common parlance, since, first impression of a person leaves an indelible mark on a recipient, similarly, it is the Police, that sets the precedent here. Hence, to expedite and expand the process, it is of paramount importance that the police force stays involved in the regular exercise of evolving-best practices for administration of juvenile justice system.

Objectives of the Workshop

- (i) To sensitize and orient participants to the new Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act 2015 in developing child-friendly police proceedings in the best interest of the rights of children;
- (ii) To facilitate linkages with other stakeholders for speedy disposal of cases within the Juvenile Justice System;
- (iii) To understand child psychology in respect of Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015; and
- (iv) To deliberate on emerging trends in Juvenile Justice System in India.

Intended Outcome of the Workshop

The workshop intends to create a convergent platform for police to interact with various stakeholders involved in the administration of Juvenile Justice System. It endeavours to benefit the police force to comprehend the recent developments and implement them constructively in their day to day exigencies dealing with the juveniles. Overall, the event aims to promote the idea of creating a police force that is more sensitive towards a Child in Conflict with Law and a Child in Need of Care & Protection, while working in line and spirit of the Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015.



JJB: Juvenile Justice Board

CWC: Child Welfare Committee

CCL: Child in Conflict with Law

CNCP: Child in Need of Care and Protection